

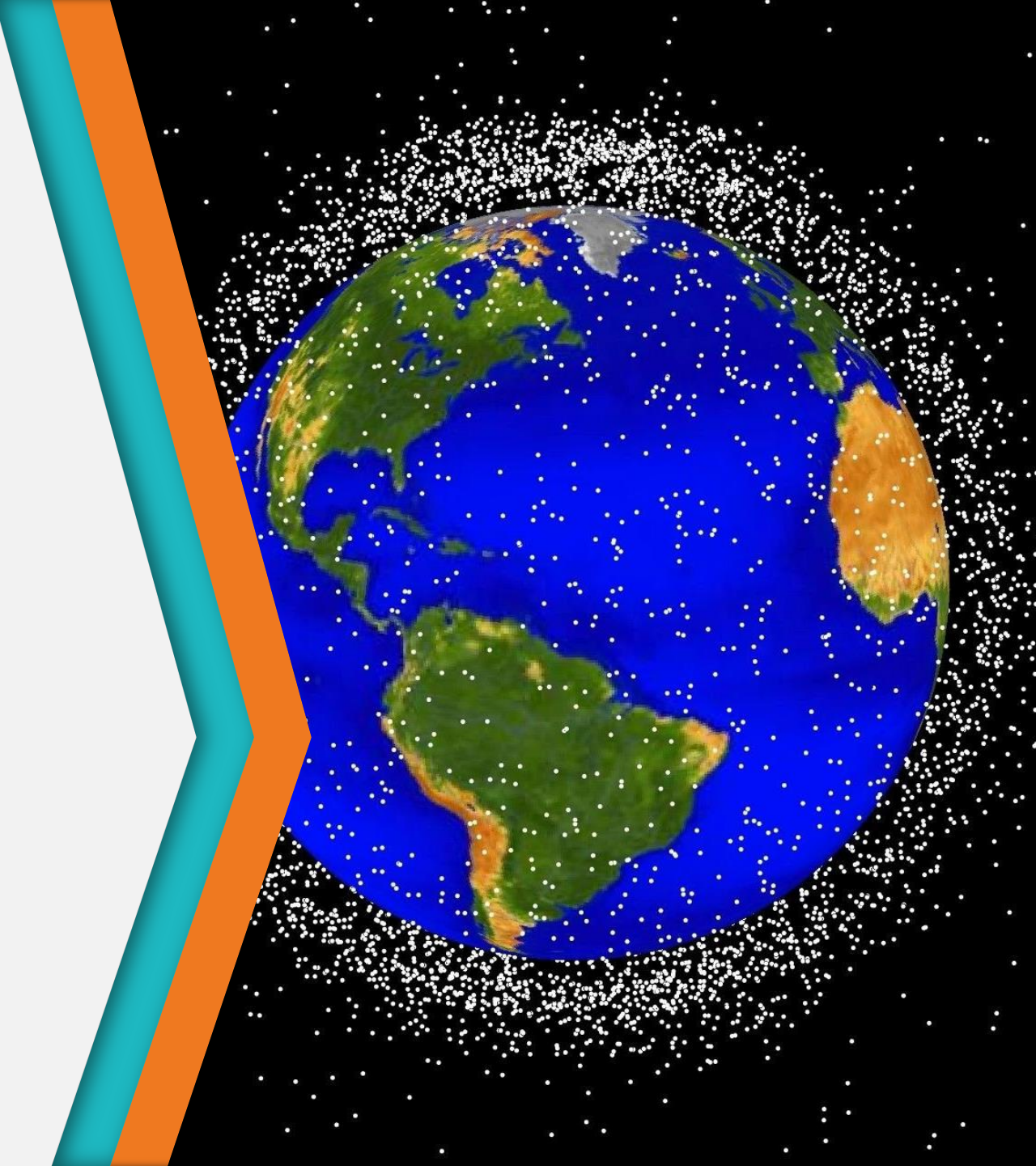
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Decades of Radar Innovations

Dense Scene Detection & Tracking
Multi-static Target Association
Sensor Fusion
Target ID
High Definition Imaging
Convolution Array Design

IARPA SINTRA Proposers' Day
Aug 10, 2022

Jeff Willey
info@RFNav.com



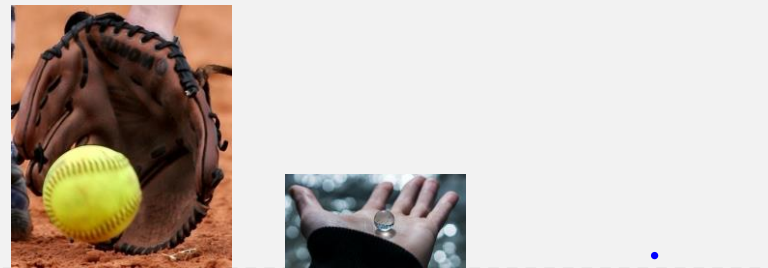
Space Debris Challenges & Opportunities

Radar View

- Variable wavelength dependent material properties & geometry
- Static vs tumbling RCS statistics & dynamic range
- Debris field density
- Ground vs space platforms

Debris Size & Quantity¹

> Softball	> Marble	> Dot
> 10 cm	> 1 cm	> 1 mm
> 20K	500K	135,000K

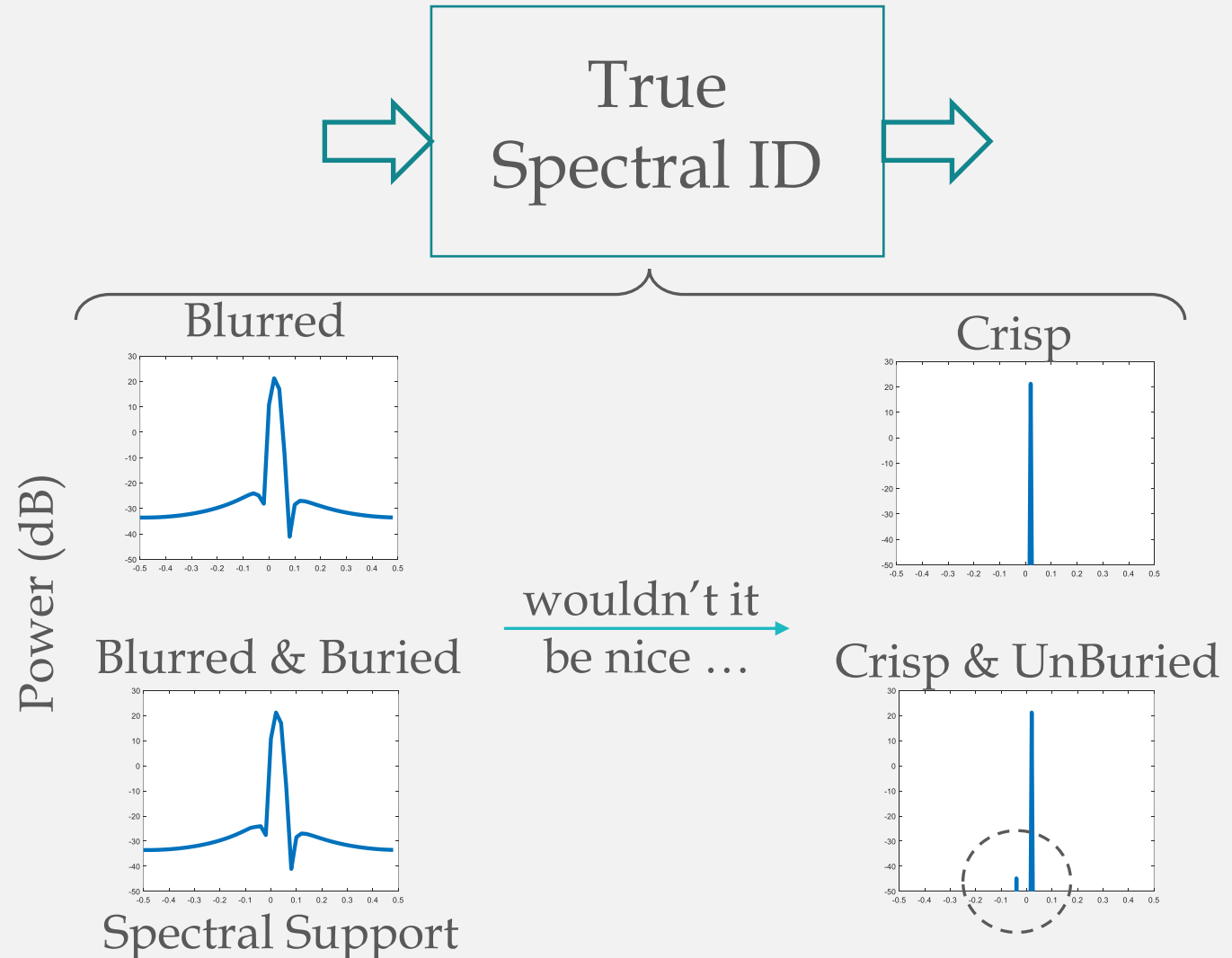


RFNav can help,

- Passive bi-static detection & imaging
- Detection of small adjacent to large objects
- Dense scene tracking
- Debris class-ID (field/particle shape, NaK, ...)

¹Adapted from, https://www.nasa.gov/pdf/692076main_Orbital_Debris_Management_and_Risk_Mitigation.pdf

Small Targets Buried in Large Target Sidelobes

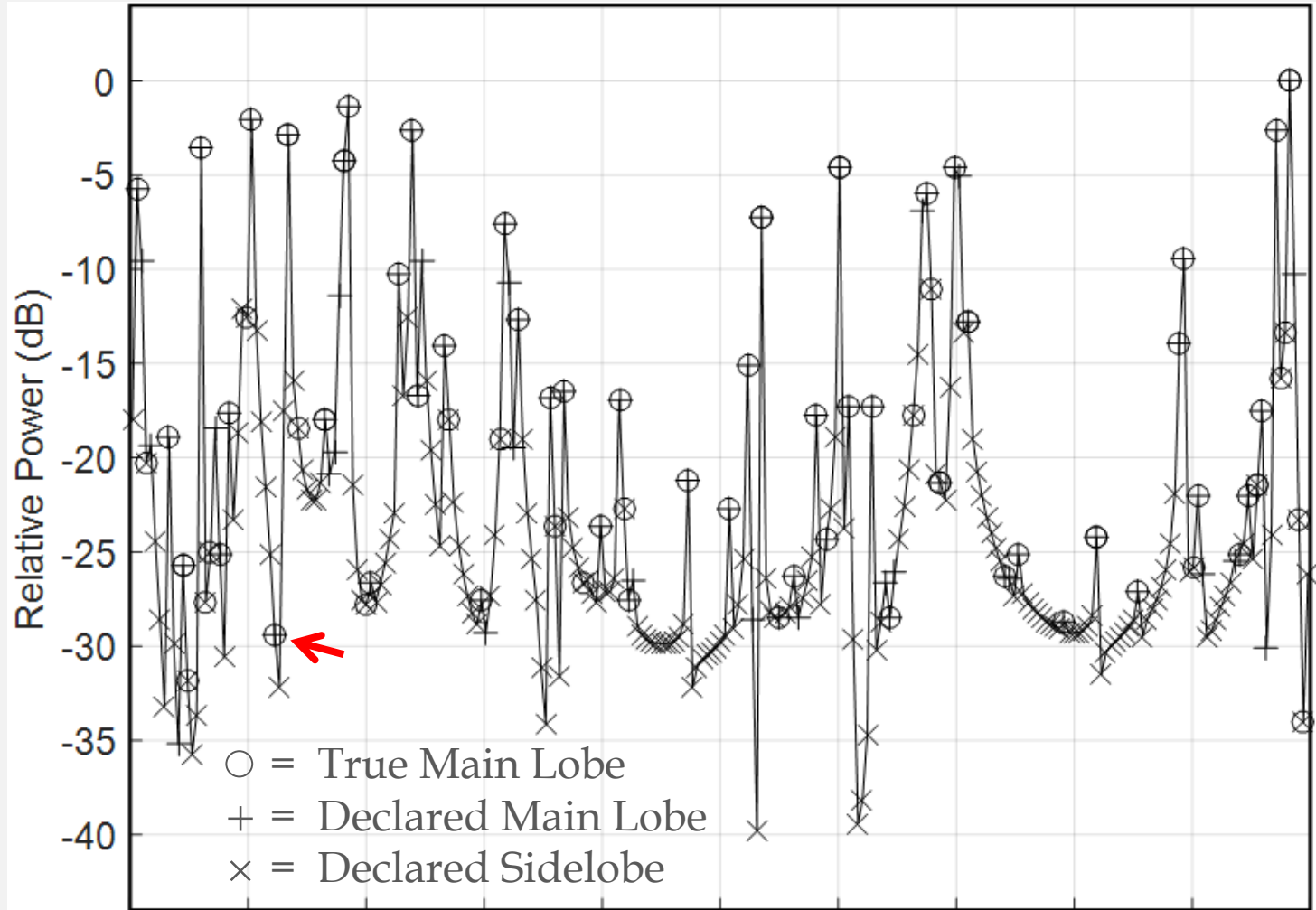


Goals:

- Maximize Detection Probability
- Minimize False Alarm Probability
- Crisp image with minimum blur
- Uncover buried targets

RFNav MLSL Discrim in Dense Scene (1-D Example)

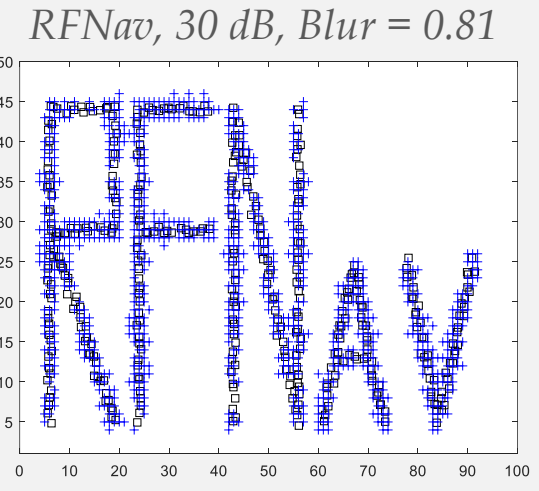
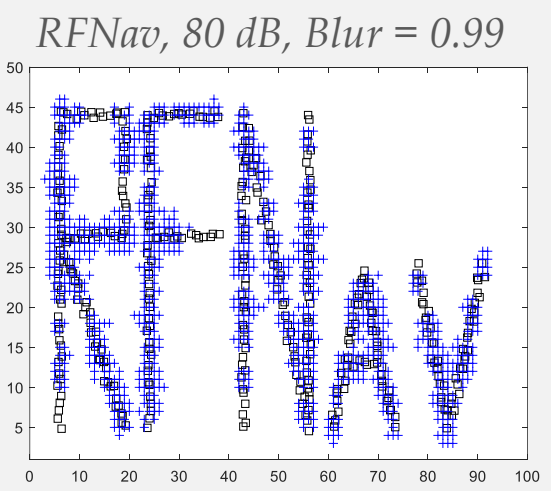
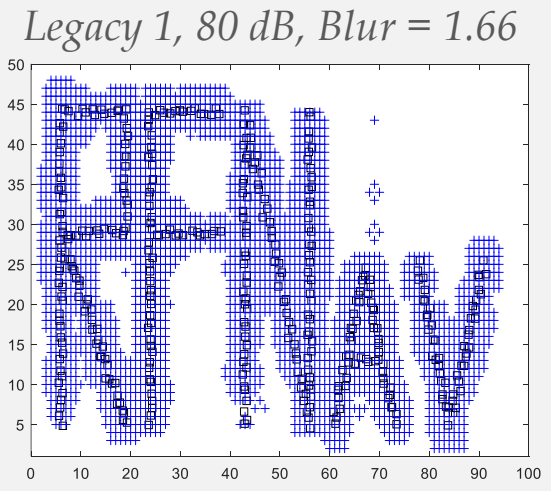
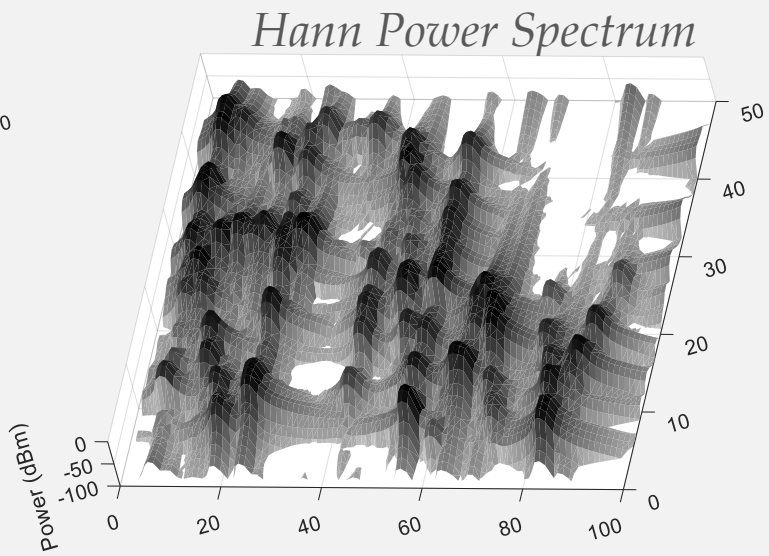
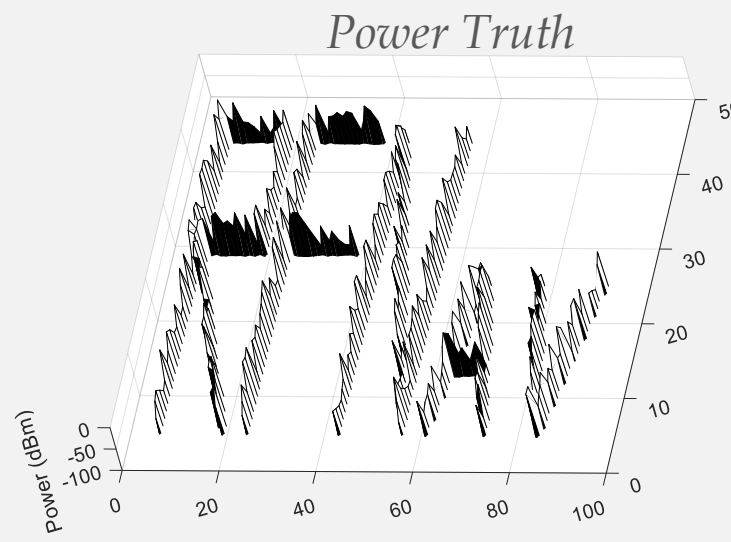
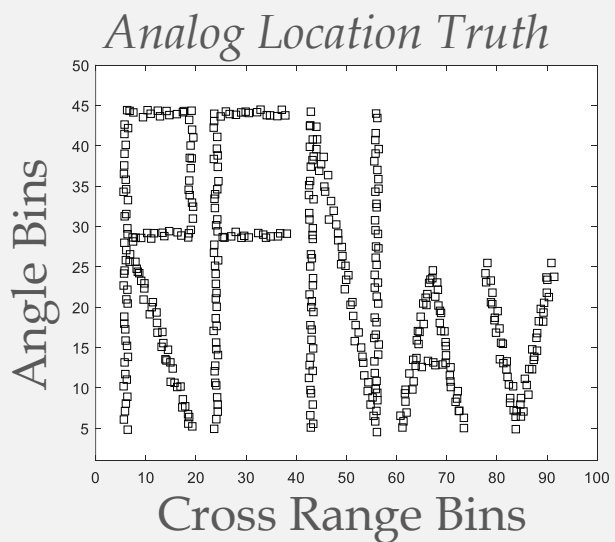
- Single Look
- MLSL Discrim has high probability of correctly identifying true signals from sidelobes and artifacts
- Patented signal processing & AI methodology



Spatial, Doppler, or Cepstral Support

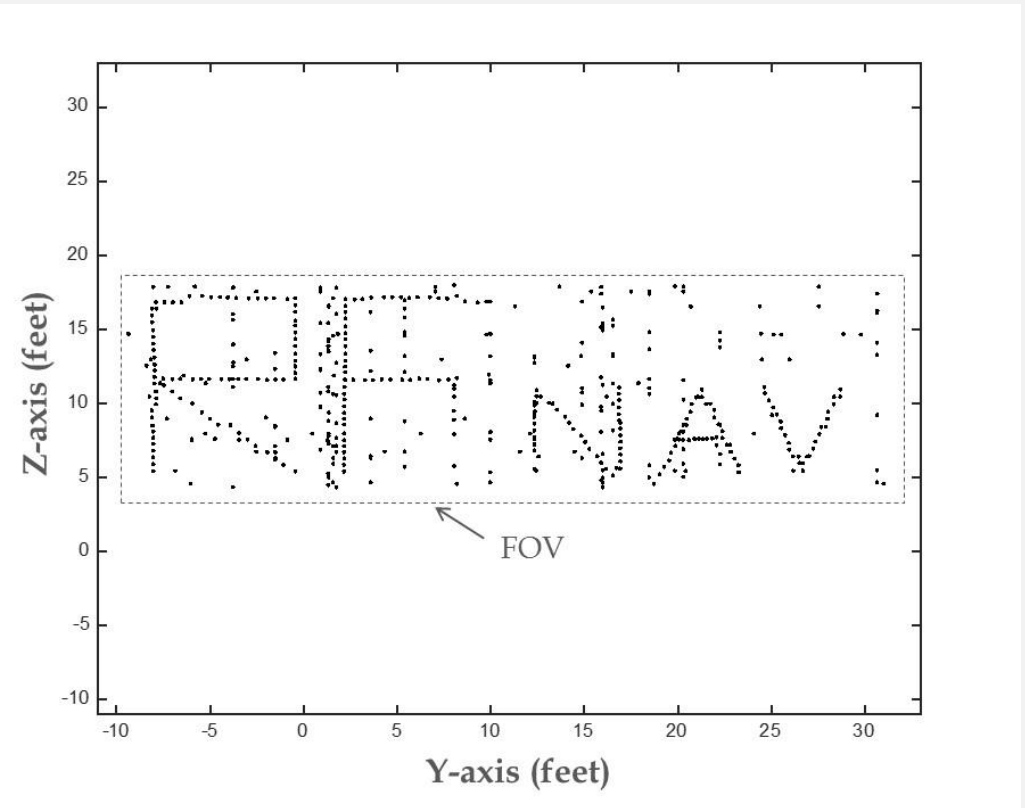
2-D Example

Single look, 80 dB Target Dynamic Range

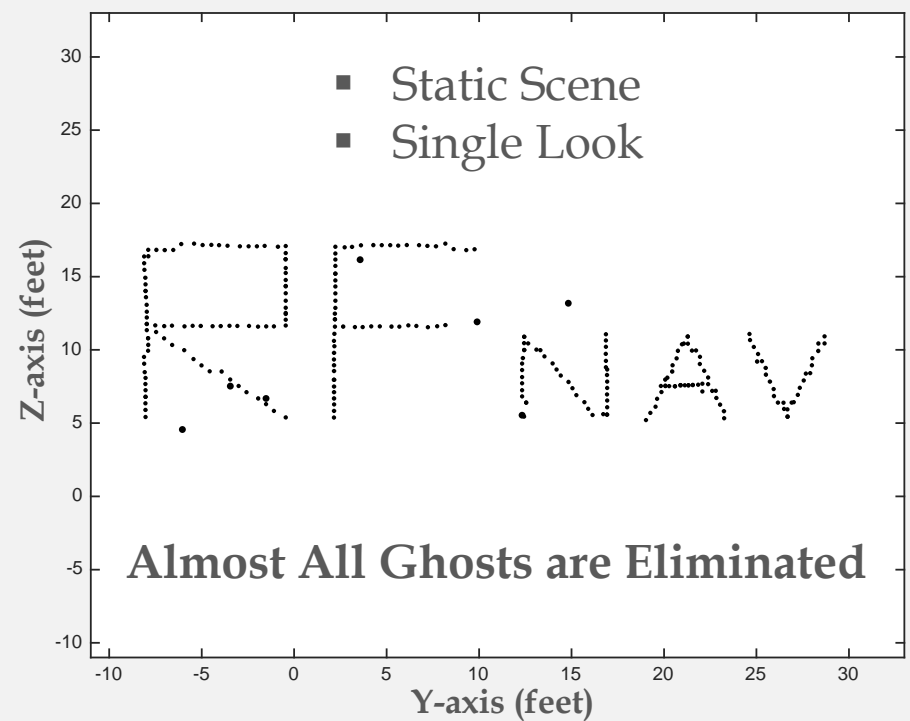


RFNav Radar Fusion Example

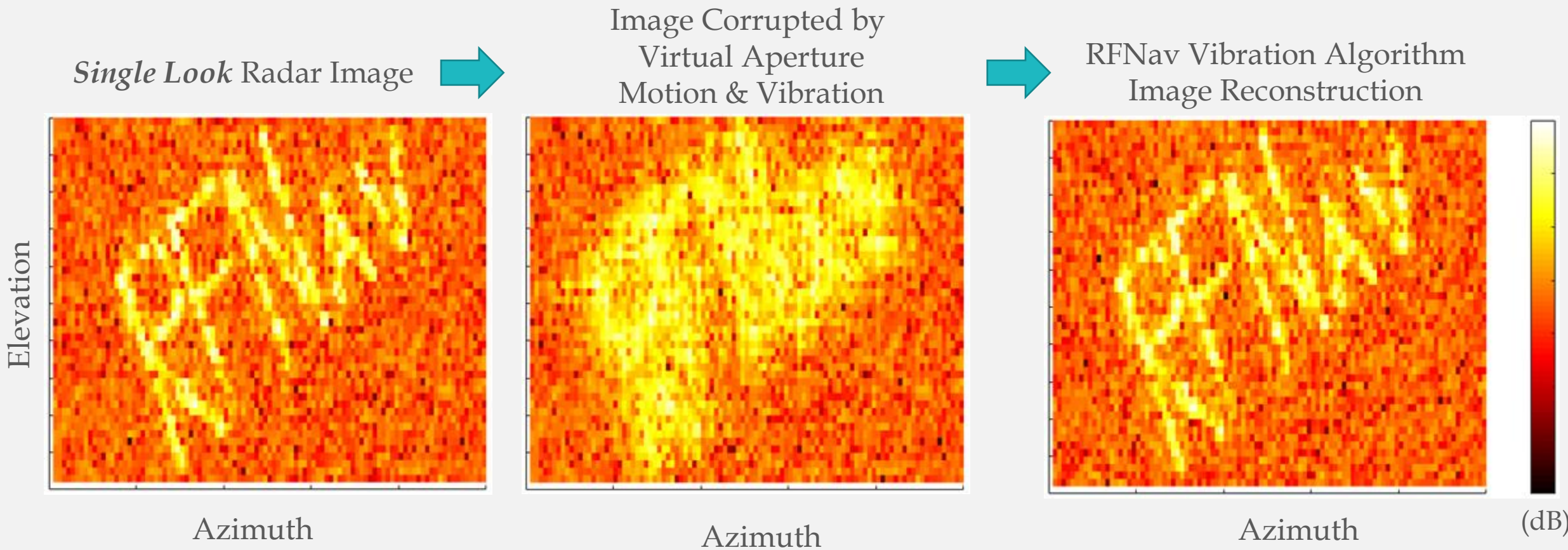
Traditional Fusion Compromised by Ghosts



RFNav Sensor Fusion



Distributed Array Vibration Compensation



Let's Collaborate

RFNav can help with radar & processing,

- Exploitation of opportunistic multi-static emissions
- Detection of adjacent small & large targets
- High Precision Tracking in Dense Scenes
- Imaging
- Debris class-ID (field/particle shape, ...)

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